



PREMIUM STUDY MATERIAL

Current Affairs MCQs

July 2026

Comprehensive Practice Set for UPSC · SSC · Banking · Railways · State PCS

100

QUESTIONS

150

MINUTES

 17 July 2026 UPSC · SSC · Banking · Railways · State PCS v1.0

Instructions

- Each question carries **4 options** — only **one is correct**.
- Correct answers are highlighted in **green ✓** with detailed explanations.
- A **Detailed Answer Key** is provided at the end for quick revision.
- Recommended time: **150 minutes** for all 100 questions.

TOTAL ATTEMPTED

CORRECT

INCORRECT

SCORE %



Questions 1 – 20

1

Spain won the FIFA World Cup 2026 by defeating which country in the final on 19 July 2026?

A France

B Argentina

C Brazil

D Portugal

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Spain defeated Argentina 1-0 after extra time in the FIFA World Cup 2026 Final at MetLife Stadium, East Rutherford, New Jersey. Argentina was the defending champion trying to become the first repeat champion since Brazil in 1962. Spain's victory was their second World Cup title after 2010.

2

Who scored the only goal in the FIFA World Cup 2026 final to give Spain victory over Argentina?

A Ferran Torres

B Rodri

C Lamine Yamal

D Pedri

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Ferran Torres scored in the 106th minute of extra time to give Spain a 1-0 victory. The goal came on a Spanish counterattack after a goalless 90 minutes. An apparent second Torres goal was ruled offside but Spain held on to claim the title.

3

In which minute did Ferran Torres score the winning goal in the FIFA World Cup 2026 final?

A 90th minute

B 68th minute

C 115th minute

D 106th minute (extra time)

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: After a goalless 90 minutes at MetLife Stadium, Ferran Torres broke the deadlock in the 106th minute of extra time. Argentina played the last 30 minutes with 10 men after Enzo Fernandez was red-carded. Spain became the first nation to simultaneously hold the men's and women's FIFA World Cups.

4

Where was the FIFA World Cup 2026 final held on 19 July 2026?

A AT&T Stadium, Dallas, Texas

B Rose Bowl, Los Angeles, California

C MetLife Stadium, East Rutherford, New Jersey, USA

D Estadio Azteca, Mexico City, Mexico

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: FIFA referred to MetLife Stadium as the New York New Jersey Stadium during the tournament. The 82,500-capacity stadium hosted Spain vs Argentina on 19 July 2026. Dallas and Atlanta hosted the two semifinals. MetLife Stadium also hosted the Copa America Centenario final in 2016.

5

The FIFA World Cup 2026 was which numbered edition of the men's FIFA World Cup?

A 23rd edition

B 21st edition

C 22nd edition

D 24th edition

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: FIFA World Cup 2026 was the 23rd edition of the men's tournament. The first World Cup was held in 1930 in Uruguay. With 48 teams and 104 matches, it was the largest-ever World Cup. The tournament was co-hosted by the United States (11 cities), Canada (Toronto, Vancouver), and Mexico (Mexico City, Guadalajara, Monterrey).

6

The FIFA World Cup 2026 was the first edition to feature how many teams, expanded from the previous format?

A 36 teams (up from 32)

B 64 teams (up from 32)

C 40 teams (up from 32)

D 48 teams (up from 32)

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: FIFA expanded the World Cup from 32 to 48 teams for the 2026 edition, resulting in 104 total matches compared to 64 in 2022. The new group stage had 12 groups of 4 teams, with the top two from each group plus eight best third-placed teams advancing to a 32-team Round of 16.

7

How many total matches were played in the FIFA World Cup 2026 due to its expanded 48-team format?

A 64 matches

B 104 matches

C 80 matches

D 96 matches

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: The 48-team FIFA World Cup 2026 had 104 matches in total: 72 group stage matches plus 32 knockout round matches. The previous 32-team format had 64 matches. USA hosted the most matches, including all quarterfinals, semifinals, third-place playoff, and the final at MetLife Stadium.

8

Who won the Golden Ball (best player award) at the FIFA World Cup 2026?

A Lionel Messi of Argentina

B Kylian Mbappe of France

C Rodri of Spain

D Lamine Yamal of Spain

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: Rodri (Rodrigo Hernandez Cascante) of Spain won the Golden Ball for his dominant midfield performances throughout the tournament. He was instrumental in limiting Messi's influence in the final. Rodri also won the 2024 Ballon d'Or and was a key player in Manchester City's successes in the English Premier League.

9

Which player won the Golden Boot (top scorer) at FIFA World Cup 2026 and became the tournament's all-time leading scorer?

A Lionel Messi of Argentina

B Ferran Torres of Spain

C Vinicius Junior of Brazil

D Kylian Mbappe of France

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: Kylian Mbappe won the Golden Boot and broke the all-time World Cup scoring record. The previous record was held by Germany's Miroslav Klose with 16 goals across four World Cups (2002, 2006, 2010, 2014). Mbappe had scored 12 World Cup goals before the 2026 tournament.

10

Spain's FIFA World Cup 2026 victory was their second. Their first World Cup win was in which year and country?

A 2010 in South Africa

B 1998 in France

C 2006 in Germany

D 2014 in Brazil

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Spain won their first World Cup in South Africa in 2010, defeating Netherlands 1-0 in extra time with Andres Iniesta's goal. The same team was the backbone of a dominant era with two Euros (2008, 2012) and the 2010 World Cup. The 2026 squad was a new generation coached after a generational rebuild.

11

The FIFA World Cup 2026 tournament opened on 11 June 2026 in which city and stadium?

A New York, MetLife Stadium

B Los Angeles, Rose Bowl

C Mexico City, Estadio Azteca

D Toronto, BMO Field

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: The 2026 World Cup opened at the historic Estadio Azteca in Mexico City on June 11, making Mexico the first country to host matches at three different World Cup editions (1970, 1986, 2026). The Estadio Azteca, opened in 1966, is one of football's most iconic venues.

12

Argentina, the runner-up at the FIFA World Cup 2026, had won which previous World Cup?

A Russia 2018

B Qatar 2022

C South Africa 2010

D Germany 2006

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: Argentina won the 2022 FIFA World Cup in Qatar, defeating France on penalties after a 3-3 draw in a dramatic final. It was Argentina's third World Cup title. In the 2026 final, Argentina lost 1-0 to Spain in extra time, missing the chance to become the first back-to-back champions since Brazil in 1962.

13

Argentina's Enzo Fernandez was sent off during the FIFA World Cup 2026 final. The dismissal was for?

A Two yellow cards (second yellow for a foul on Pau Cubasi)

B Violent conduct (direct red card)

C Deliberate handball denying a goal

D Abusive language toward the referee

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Enzo Fernandez received his second yellow card for a foul on Spain's Pau Cubasi in extra time, reducing Argentina to 10 men for approximately the final 30 minutes. Despite the disadvantage, Argentina created a few chances but could not find the equaliser against Spain's disciplined defending.

14

Spain's 2026 FIFA World Cup victory made them the first nation to simultaneously hold which two titles?

A Men's World Cup and UEFA European Championship

B Men's World Cup and UEFA Nations League

C World Cup and Copa America

D Men's and Women's FIFA World Cup

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Spain's women's team had won the 2023 Women's World Cup in Australia and New Zealand, defeating England 1-0 in the final in Sydney. With the men winning in 2026, Spain became the first nation in football history to hold both the FIFA men's and women's World Cup simultaneously.

15

The FIFA World Cup 2026 third-place playoff was held in which US city?

A Dallas, Texas

B Miami, Florida

C Atlanta, Georgia

D Los Angeles, California

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: Miami hosted the third-place playoff at Hard Rock Stadium. The cities that hosted the knockout rounds included Los Angeles, Kansas City, Miami, Boston (quarterfinals), Atlanta and Dallas (semifinals), and New York New Jersey/MetLife Stadium for the final. The third-place playoff is typically held the day before the final.

16

The 2026 Commonwealth Games were held in which city, from 23 July to 2 August 2026?

A Sydney, Australia

B Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

C Glasgow, Scotland

D Manchester, UK

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Glasgow hosted the 22nd Commonwealth Games from July 23 to August 2, 2026. Scotland's largest city had previously hosted the 2014 CWG. Glasgow stepped in at relatively short notice after the original host (Victoria, Australia) withdrew. The 2026 Games was a pared-down edition with only 8 able-bodied sports.

17

The 2026 Commonwealth Games held in Glasgow was which numbered edition of the event?

A 22nd edition

B 20th edition

C 21st edition

D 23rd edition

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: CWG 2026 was the 22nd edition of the Commonwealth Games. The first British Empire Games were held in Hamilton, Canada in 1930. The 2022 Birmingham edition was the 21st. The Games are held every four years and feature athletes from member states of the Commonwealth of Nations.

18

Who served as India's flag-bearer at the opening ceremony of the 2026 Commonwealth Games in Glasgow?

A Neeraj Chopra (javelin)

B Lovlina Borgohain (boxer)

C Bajrang Punia (wrestler)

D Mirabai Chanu (weightlifter)

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: Weightlifter Saikhom Mirabai Chanu carried the Indian flag at the Glasgow 2026 CWG opening ceremony. Boxer Lovlina Borgohain served as the baton-bearer. Mirabai Chanu was a natural choice having won CWG gold at Gold Coast 2018 and Birmingham 2022 and went on to win gold again at Glasgow 2026.

19

Who served as India's baton-bearer at the opening ceremony of the 2026 Commonwealth Games in Glasgow?

A

Mirabai Chanu (weightlifter)

B

Lovlina Borgohain (boxer)

C

Neeraj Chopra (javelin)

D

P.V. Sindhu (badminton)

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Olympic bronze medallist boxer Lovlina Borgohain carried the Queen's Baton during India's march at the opening ceremony. She won a silver in women's 75kg boxing at CWG 2026. Borgohain is from Assam and is one of India's most decorated boxers with Olympic and Asian Games medals.

20

Which Indian weightlifter completed a hat-trick of CWG gold medals in weightlifting at the 2026 Commonwealth Games?

A

Sathish Sivalingam

B

Bindyarani Devi

C

Mirabai Chanu

D

Lovepreet Singh

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Mirabai Chanu won her third consecutive CWG gold medal in women's weightlifting (Gold Coast 2018, Birmingham 2022, Glasgow 2026). She is also India's first Olympic weightlifting silver medallist (Tokyo 2020, 49kg category). She hails from Manipur and started weightlifting at age 12.



Questions 21 – 40

21

Which two Indian athletes became India's first-ever CWG judo gold medallists at the 2026 Commonwealth Games?

A

Tulika Maan and Sushil Kumar

B

Yamini Mourya and Vishwesh Bhati

C

Garima Chaudhary and Avtar Singh

D

Asmita Dey and Harsh Singh

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Asmita Dey and Harsh Singh won India's first-ever gold medals in judo at any Commonwealth Games edition at Glasgow 2026. Yamini Mourya added a silver. The judo competition was held at Emirates Arena. Previously, India had not won CWG gold in judo, making this a landmark achievement.

22

Neeraj Chopra won a silver medal in men's javelin throw at the 2026 Commonwealth Games with a best throw of?

A

85.83 metres

B

90.48 metres

C

88.65 metres

D

82.14 metres

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Neeraj Chopra threw 85.83m to win silver in the men's javelin throw at Glasgow 2026. He had won gold at Gold Coast 2018 before missing Birmingham 2022 through injury. His compatriot Yash Vir Singh won bronze with a personal best of 85.41m. Pakistan's Arshad Nadeem won gold.

23

Who won gold in men's javelin throw at the 2026 Commonwealth Games, winning his second successive CWG gold?

A Anderson Peters of Grenada

B Arshad Nadeem of Pakistan

C Julius Yego of Kenya

D Keshorn Walcott of Trinidad and Tobago

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: Pakistan's Arshad Nadeem won his second successive Commonwealth Games javelin gold at Glasgow 2026. Nadeem holds the Olympic record of 92.97m set at the Paris 2024 Olympics. His rivalry with Neeraj Chopra has been one of the most compelling storylines in global athletics over recent years.

24

Which Indian athlete won a historic bronze in the decathlon at the 2026 CWG, becoming India's first CWG medallist in this event?

A Murali Sreeshankar

B Gulveer Singh

C Tejaswin Shankar

D Sarvesh Anil Kushare

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Tejaswin Shankar made history as the first Indian to win a CWG medal in the decathlon at Glasgow 2026. He had previously won bronze in high jump at Birmingham 2022 before transitioning to the demanding ten-event discipline. The decathlon is often called the greatest test of all-round athletic ability.

25

Gulveer Singh of India won two medals in athletics at the 2026 Commonwealth Games. Which events were they?

A Gold in 5,000m and silver in 10,000m

B Gold in 10,000m and silver in marathon

C Bronze in 5,000m and bronze in 10,000m

D Silver in 10,000m and bronze in 5,000m

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Gulveer Singh became the first Indian athlete to win two medals across different events at a single Commonwealth Games edition, taking silver in the 10,000m and bronze in the 5,000m. He is one of India's best long-distance runners and has set multiple national records in these events.

26

India's boxing contingent at the 2026 CWG won an unprecedented feat with 7 gold medals in boxing. How many total boxing medals did India win?

A 10 boxing medals (7 gold, 3 silver)

B 5 boxing medals

C 8 boxing medals

D 15 boxing medals

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: India's 7 boxing golds at Glasgow 2026 was more than any single country had managed in boxing at a single CWG edition. The 10 total boxing medals (7 gold, 3 silver) was India's best-ever CWG boxing performance. Lovlina Borgohain won silver in women's 75kg, and was among the celebrated boxers.

27

Lovlina Borgohain won which medal in women's 75kg boxing at the 2026 Commonwealth Games?

A Gold medal

B Bronze medal

C Silver medal

D Did not medal at CWG 2026

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: Lovlina Borgohain, India's Olympic bronze medallist (Tokyo 2020), won a silver medal in the women's 75kg category at Glasgow 2026. She also served as the baton-bearer at the opening ceremony. Borgohain, from Assam, is one of India's most celebrated boxers and an icon for women's sport in Northeast India.

28

Murali Sreeshankar won silver in men's long jump at Glasgow 2026 CWG. Had he also won silver at the previous CWG in Birmingham 2022?

A No, he won gold at Birmingham 2022

B Yes, silver at Birmingham 2022 (second successive CWG silver)

C No, this was his first CWG medal

D No, he won bronze at Birmingham 2022

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Murali Sreeshankar claimed his second successive CWG silver in men's long jump at Glasgow 2026, having also won silver at Birmingham 2022. He is among India's best long jumpers and consistently competes at international events. He has set multiple national records in the long jump.

29

The 2026 Commonwealth Games was India's 19th appearance. India made its CWG debut at which edition?

A 1930 Games in Hamilton, Canada

B 1938 Games in Sydney, Australia

C 1950 Games in Auckland, New Zealand

D 1934 Games in London, UK

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: India made its Commonwealth Games debut at the 1934 British Empire Games in London. The 2026 Glasgow edition was India's 19th appearance. India has participated in every CWG since 1934. India has won over 600 medals in its CWG history and is consistently among the top five nations on the medal tally.

30

India won both the men's and women's team titles at the 22nd Commonwealth Table Tennis Championships 2026. This event was held at which venue in New Delhi?

A Thyagaraj Stadium, New Delhi

B Indira Gandhi Indoor Stadium, New Delhi

C Talkatora Stadium, New Delhi

D Siri Fort Sports Complex, New Delhi

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: India won both the men's and women's team titles at the 22nd Commonwealth Table Tennis Championships held at Thyagaraj Stadium, New Delhi on 30 July 2026. Table tennis was not included in the pared-down Glasgow CWG programme. India's dominance in Commonwealth table tennis continues to grow.

31

Lovepreet Singh won a silver medal at the 2026 CWG in Glasgow. In which weightlifting category did he compete?

A Men's 96 kg

**B Men's +110 kg
(superheavyweight)**

C Men's 102 kg

D Men's 109 kg

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: Lovepreet Singh won silver in the men's +110kg category at Glasgow 2026 on July 30. This superheavyweight category is the heaviest in weightlifting. His performance added to India's strong weightlifting haul at CWG 2026, which was headlined by Mirabai Chanu's gold medal.

32

The 2026 Commonwealth Games in Glasgow was a pared-down edition. How many able-bodied sports did it feature?

A 20 sports as in Birmingham 2022

B 15 sports

C 8 sports (athletics, gymnastics, bowls, boxing, judo, swimming, track cycling, weightlifting)

D 12 sports

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Glasgow 2026 featured only 8 able-bodied sports plus 5 integrated para disciplines. This was far fewer than Birmingham 2022's 20 sports. Glasgow stepped in at short notice when Victoria (Australia) withdrew as the original host in 2023. The reduced programme meant 30 of India's 61 Birmingham medals came in sports not featured at Glasgow.

33

India's Parliament Monsoon Session 2026 commenced on which date?**A** 1 July 2026**B** 1 August 2026**C** 15 July 2026**D** 20 July 2026**✓ Ans: D**

Explanation: The Monsoon Session 2026 ran from July 20 to August 13, 2026, comprising 19 sittings. This was the second regular session of 2026 (after the Budget Session which ran from January 28 to April 18). Key bills scheduled include the Income-tax Amendment Bill 2026 and Viksit Bharat Shiksha Adhishthan Bill.

34

The Viksit Bharat Shiksha Adhishthan Bill 2025, considered in Monsoon Session 2026, aims to replace UGC, AICTE, and NCTE with what?**A** A single unified regulator for higher education**B** Three separate bodies with new mandates**C** The Ministry of Education directly**D** An autonomous AI-governed education council**✓ Ans: A**

Explanation: The Bill seeks to establish a single overarching body to regulate higher education, replacing the University Grants Commission (UGC), All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE), and National Council for Teacher Education (NCTE). The bill was introduced in Lok Sabha on December 15, 2025 and referred to a Joint Parliamentary Committee.

35

Under which Article of the Indian Constitution does the President summon each House of Parliament?

A

Article 74

B

Article 108

C

Article 85

D

Article 111

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Article 85 empowers the President to summon each House of Parliament to meet at such time and place as they think fit, and to prorogue the Houses. By convention, the President acts on the advice of the Cabinet. The Constitution also mandates that the gap between two sessions cannot exceed six months.

36

The Budget Session 2026 of Parliament commenced on 28 January 2026 and was extended until which date?

A

31 March 2026

B

18 April 2026 (extended from 2 April to discuss delimitation bills)

C

30 April 2026

D

28 February 2026

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: The Budget Session 2026 began January 28 and was originally scheduled to end April 2 but was extended to April 18, 2026 to pass bills related to delimitation. The session had 31 sitting days. The Union Budget 2026-27 was presented on February 1, 2026 by Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman.

37

The Foreign Contribution (Regulation) Amendment Bill 2026 in the Monsoon Session seeks to reduce the maximum penalty for FCRA violations to which period?

A Three years

B Six months

C No imprisonment, only fine

D One year (from the existing five years' imprisonment)

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: The FCRA Amendment Bill 2026 proposes reducing the maximum imprisonment penalty from five years to one year for violations of foreign contribution regulations. It also establishes a framework to supervise and dispose of foreign contributions of organisations whose FCRA registration has lapsed or been cancelled.

38

India observed Kargil Vijay Diwas on 26 July 2026 marking which anniversary of the 1999 victory?

A 27th anniversary

B 25th anniversary

C 26th anniversary

D 30th anniversary

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Kargil Vijay Diwas 2026 marked the 27th anniversary of India's victory in the Kargil War. The day commemorates Operation Vijay through which the Indian Army recaptured occupied peaks on the Line of Control from Pakistani intruders. The PM and Defence Minister traditionally pay homage to fallen soldiers at war memorials.

39

The Kargil War in 1999 was fought in which Union Territory of India (then part of Jammu and Kashmir)?

A Jammu

B Ladakh (Kargil district)

C Doda district, J&K

D Gurez Sector, J&K

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: The 1999 Kargil War was fought primarily in the Kargil and Drass sectors of what is now Ladakh UT (then part of Jammu and Kashmir). Pakistan's soldiers and militants had occupied Indian positions on mountain peaks while Indian soldiers were in winter quarters. The battles occurred at extreme altitudes above 5,000 metres in some areas.

40

What was the name of the Indian Army operation launched to recapture positions from Pakistani intruders in the 1999 Kargil War?

A Operation Thunderbolt

B Operation Meghdoot

C Operation Vijay

D Operation Shakti

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Operation Vijay was the Indian Army's operation to evict Pakistani forces from occupied mountain positions in the Kargil-Drass sector. Simultaneously, the Indian Air Force conducted Operation Safed Sagar. On July 26, 1999, India declared victory and Kargil Vijay Diwas has been observed annually since then.



Questions 41 – 60

41

The Indian Air Force's aerial operation during the 1999 Kargil War was named?

A

Operation Safed Sagar

B

Operation Vijay

C

Operation Blue Star

D

Operation Falcon

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Operation Safed Sagar was the IAF component of the Kargil operations, involving MiG-21, MiG-27, Mirage 2000, and Jaguar aircraft. The conflict saw India's first major combat use of air power since 1971. One IAF pilot, Squadron Leader K. Nachiketa, was captured by Pakistan after his MiG-27 was shot down but was later repatriated.

42

The Kargil Vijay Diwas is observed on 26 July. What event from 1999 does this date commemorate?

A

Pakistan's ceasefire declaration

B

India's launch of Operation Vijay

C

Signing of the Simla Peace Agreement between India and Pakistan

D

India's official announcement of victory in the Kargil War (recapture of all Indian positions)

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: July 26, 1999 was the date when India declared the successful conclusion of Operation Vijay, having recaptured all occupied peaks along the Line of Control in the Kargil sector. Pakistan initially denied involvement, claiming the intruders were militants, but later Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif and Army Chief Pervez Musharraf acknowledged Pakistani military involvement.

43

Viswanathan Anand became Interim President of FIDE in July 2026. Which role had he held in FIDE since August 2022?

A

Secretary General

B

Treasurer

C

Deputy President of FIDE

D

Chairman of the Players Commission

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Viswanathan Anand was elected as FIDE Deputy President in August 2022 alongside Arkady Dvorkovich's re-election as FIDE President. When Dvorkovich was included in the EU's 21st sanctions list (related to Russia-Ukraine war) in July 2026, he voluntarily suspended his duties and Anand assumed the Interim Presidency per FIDE Charter Article 19.2.

44

Viswanathan Anand has won the World Chess Championship how many times?

A

Three times

B

Five times (2000, 2007, 2008, 2010, 2012)

C

Four times

D

Six times

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: Anand won the World Chess Championship in 2000 (FIDE version), 2007, 2008, 2010, and 2012. He was World Champion for much of the 2000s and 2010s before losing to Magnus Carlsen in 2013. Anand became India's first chess Grandmaster in 1988 at age 18. He is the 15th World Chess Champion.

45

Viswanathan Anand assumed FIDE Interim Presidency after Dvorkovich's inclusion in which EU sanctions package in July 2026?

A 21st EU sanctions package
(Russia-Ukraine related)

B 10th EU sanctions package

C 15th EU sanctions package

D 30th EU sanctions package

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: The EU's 21st sanctions package, published on July 23, 2026 (Council Decision CFSP 2026/1845), listed Dvorkovich's name. The sanctions could result in freezing of assets and travel restrictions. Dvorkovich, a former Russian Deputy Prime Minister, had served as FIDE President since 2018. He announced plans to legally challenge the sanctions.

46

Viswanathan Anand was born in which city in Tamil Nadu on 11 December 1969?

A Chennai

B Coimbatore

C Madurai

D Mayiladuthurai

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Anand was born in Mayiladuthurai (also called Mayavaram) in Tamil Nadu, though he grew up primarily in Chennai. He studied at Loyola College, Chennai. Known as the Tiger of Madras, Anand remains active in chess at age 56 with a FIDE rating of 2739 (May 2026) and global ranking in the top 15.

47

Arkady Dvorkovich, who stepped aside as FIDE President in July 2026, has been FIDE President since which year?

A 2010

B 2014

C 2018

D 2022

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Arkady Dvorkovich of Russia was elected FIDE President in October 2018, replacing Kirsan Ilyumzhinov who had served since 1995. Dvorkovich had served as Deputy Prime Minister of Russia (2012-2018). His inclusion in EU sanctions forced him to voluntarily suspend duties in July 2026, with Viswanathan Anand taking over as Interim President.

48

National Doctors' Day in India is observed on July 1 to honour the birth and death anniversary of which doctor and politician?

A Dr. B.R. Ambedkar

B Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy

C Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee

D Dr. Rajendra Prasad

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy (July 1, 1882 - July 1, 1962) was both a physician and the Chief Minister of West Bengal. He was born and died on the same date. He received the Bharat Ratna in 1961. National Doctors' Day has been observed in India since 1991 to honour his memory and acknowledge the contribution of the medical profession.

49

World Population Day is observed on which date each year, as established by the UN Development Programme?

A 11 July

B 5 June

C 11 August

D 31 October

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: World Population Day on July 11 was established in 1989 by the UNDP Governing Council, inspired by the Five Billion Day observed on July 11, 1987 when the world's population reached 5 billion. It focuses on population issues including reproductive health, family planning, and sustainable development. India surpassed China as the world's most populous country in 2023.

50

World Youth Skills Day is observed on which date to promote youth employment and entrepreneurship?

A 11 July

B 12 August

C 15 June

D 15 July

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: World Youth Skills Day on July 15 was established by the UN General Assembly in November 2014. It celebrates the importance of equipping young people with skills for employment, decent work, and entrepreneurship. India's Skill India Mission under the Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship aligns with the goals of this global observance.

51

Nelson Mandela International Day is observed on July 18 marking his birth anniversary. Nelson Mandela was born in which year?

A 1920

B 1900

C 1918

D 1930

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Nelson Mandela was born on July 18, 1918 in Mvezo, South Africa. The UN declared July 18 as Nelson Mandela International Day in 2009. Mandela spent 27 years in prison before becoming South Africa's first democratically elected President in 1994. He received the Nobel Peace Prize in 1993 shared with F.W. de Klerk.

52

International Day of Friendship, observed on July 30, was proclaimed by the UN General Assembly in which year?

A 2011

B 2005

C 2015

D 2000

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: The International Day of Friendship was proclaimed by the UN General Assembly in 2011. It recognises friendship as a powerful force for promoting peace, cooperation, and mutual understanding across cultures, countries, and individuals. It encourages community-building activities, intercultural dialogue, and reconciliation efforts globally.

53

World Hepatitis Day is observed on July 28. The date marks the birthday of which Nobel laureate who discovered the hepatitis B virus?

A Robert Koch

B Baruch Blumberg

C Alexander Fleming

D Louis Pasteur

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Baruch Samuel Blumberg (July 28, 1925 - 2011) discovered the hepatitis B virus and developed the hepatitis B vaccine, for which he received the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine in 1976. World Hepatitis Day was established by WHO. Over 300 million people live with chronic viral hepatitis globally, causing approximately 1.1 million deaths annually.

54

International Tiger Day is observed on 29 July. As per India's 2022 tiger census, what was India's tiger population, making it home to about 75 percent of the world's wild tigers?

A 1,200 tigers

B 2,000 tigers

C 5,000 tigers

D 3,682 tigers

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: The 2022 All India Tiger Estimation Report placed India's tiger count at 3,682, making India home to approximately 75% of the world's wild tiger population. International Tiger Day was established at the Saint Petersburg Tiger Summit in 2010. India has 55 tiger reserves under Project Tiger, which was launched on April 1, 1973.

55

APJ Abdul Kalam Memorial Day is observed on 27 July. In which year did Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam pass away?

A 2014

B 2017

C 2015 (died July 27, 2015 in Shillong)

D 2020

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam, India's 11th President (2002-2007) and renowned aerospace scientist known as the Missile Man of India, passed away on July 27, 2015 during a lecture at IIM Shillong. He played a key role in developing India's missile programme and Agni and Prithvi ballistic missiles. He was awarded the Bharat Ratna in 1997.

56

The CRPF (Central Reserve Police Force) observes its Raising Day on 27 July. CRPF was constituted in which year?

A 1939

B 1947

C 1950

D 1962

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: CRPF was raised in 1939 as the Crown Representative's Police to help the Crown Representative of British India. It was renamed Central Reserve Police Force in 1949 under the CRPF Act 1949. With over 3.5 lakh personnel, CRPF is India's largest central armed police force. It handles internal security, counter-Naxal operations, and VIP protection.

57

World Nature Conservation Day observed on 28 July focuses on which primary goal?

A Industrial development and green manufacturing

B Protecting natural resources and the ecosystem for sustainability

C Urban conservation and smart cities

D Marine pollution control only

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: World Nature Conservation Day on July 28 raises awareness about nature conservation, sustainable use of natural resources, and protection of biodiversity. It encourages actions to protect forests, wetlands, wildlife, and natural ecosystems. India's efforts include Project Tiger, Project Elephant, National Biodiversity Action Plan, and the National Green Hydrogen Mission.

58

Guru Purnima, observed in July 2026 on 29 July, falls on the full moon day of which Hindu month?

A Shravan month

B Phalgun month (Holi)

C Kartika month (Diwali related)

D Ashadha month (Ashadhi Purnima)

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Guru Purnima (also called Vyasa Purnima) falls on the full moon of Ashadha. In 2026, it fell on July 29. Students and disciples express gratitude to their teachers and spiritual guides. The day is associated with the sage Vyasa who is credited with classifying the Vedas. Spiritual retreats and discourses are held across India.

59

World Ranger Day observed on 31 July is promoted by which international organisation?

A World Wildlife Fund (WWF)

B IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature)

C International Ranger Federation (IRF)

D CITES Secretariat

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: The International Ranger Federation, established in 1992, represents national ranger associations globally and promotes the vital role of rangers in wildlife and natural heritage protection. World Ranger Day honours rangers killed or injured protecting natural areas. India's Forest Department employs thousands of forest rangers and guards.

60

International Justice Day (World Day for International Justice) is observed on 17 July to mark the 1998 adoption of which founding document?

A Universal Declaration of Human Rights

B Rome Statute establishing the International Criminal Court

C Geneva Conventions on humanitarian law

D Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: The Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court was adopted on July 17, 1998. The ICC, headquartered in The Hague, Netherlands, prosecutes individuals for genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes, and the crime of aggression. India, USA, Russia, and China have not ratified the Rome Statute. The ICC has 124 state parties.



Questions 61 – 80

61

World Population Day 2026 (July 11) is observed under the auspices of which UN agency?

A UNICEF

B World Health Organisation (WHO)

C United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)

D United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: UNFPA leads global World Population Day observance. UNFPA works on reproductive health, gender equality, and population data collection. India's population reached approximately 1.44 billion in 2026, having surpassed China (1.42 billion) in 2023. India's Total Fertility Rate has fallen below 2.1 (replacement level) nationally.

62

Which Union Minister of State led India's delegation at the inaugural UN Global Dialogue on AI Governance in Geneva (6-7 July 2026)?

A Kirti Vardhan Singh (MoS for External Affairs and MoEFCC)

B Ashwini Vaishnaw

C S. Jaishankar

D Rajeev Chandrasekhar

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: MoS Kirti Vardhan Singh represented India at the inaugural UN Global Dialogue on AI Governance. India reaffirmed its AI for All vision promoting responsible, inclusive, and human-centric AI. The Global Dialogue was established under UNGA Resolution 79/325, following the Global Digital Compact adopted in September 2024.

63

In July 2026, the Ministry of Environment notified Mizoram's Natural History Museum as India's 21st Designated Repository under which legislation?

A

Wildlife Protection Act 1972

B

Environment Protection Act
1986

C

Biological Diversity Act 2002

D

Forest Conservation Act 1980

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: The Natural History Museum at Mizoram University in Aizawl was notified as India's 21st Designated Repository under Section 39 of the Biological Diversity Act 2002 by MoEFCC. The museum was established in 2022 and is located in the Indo-Burma Biodiversity Hotspot. Designated Repositories store biological specimens and associated taxonomic data.

64

The FIFA World Cup 2026 opened at Estadio Azteca in Mexico City. Mexico became the first country to host World Cup matches at how many different editions?

A

Two editions (1970 and 2026)

B

Three editions (1970, 1986,
2026)

C

This was Mexico's first time
hosting in 2026

D

Four editions

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: Mexico hosted the FIFA World Cup in 1970 (won by Brazil), 1986 (won by Argentina), and co-hosted in 2026. This made Mexico the first country to host matches at three different tournament editions. Estadio Azteca hosted both the 1970 and 1986 finals and became famous for Maradona's Hand of God and Goal of the Century against England in 1986.

65

Ravi Agrawal was reappointed as Chairman of which body for six months in July 2026?

A

CBIC (Central Board of Indirect Taxes)

B

SEBI (Securities and Exchange Board of India)

C

CCI (Competition Commission of India)

D

CBDT (Central Board of Direct Taxes)

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Ravi Agrawal was reappointed as CBDT Chairman for six more months in July 2026. CBDT (under the Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance) administers direct tax laws in India including income tax and corporate tax. It formulates tax policy, issues circulars, and oversees the Income Tax Department across India.

66

The PRAGATI scheme mentioned in July 2026 current affairs aims to increase farmers' income by at least what percentage through regenerative agriculture?

A

30 percent income increase (with 15-20 percent yield improvement)

B

10 percent income increase

C

50 percent income increase

D

5 percent income increase

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: The PRAGATI scheme targets increasing farmers' income by at least 30%, improving yields of major crops by 15-20%, promoting regenerative agriculture among 20% of participating farmers, and enabling financial inclusion for 50% of associated farmers. It was designed to complement existing farm income support schemes under the Agriculture Ministry.

67

The Commonwealth Games are held among member states of the Commonwealth of Nations. Approximately how many member states does the Commonwealth have?

A 50 member states

B 70 member states

C 56 member states

D 44 member states

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: The Commonwealth of Nations has 56 member states, home to about 2.5 billion people (approximately one-third of the world's population). It is a voluntary association largely comprising former territories of the British Empire. India is the Commonwealth's most populous member state. The Commonwealth Secretariat is based in London.

68

FIFA (Federation Internationale de Football Association) is headquartered in which city?

A Geneva, Switzerland

B Zurich, Switzerland

C Paris, France

D London, UK

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: FIFA has been based in Zurich since shortly after its founding on May 21, 1904. It has 211 member associations, more than the United Nations. The current FIFA President is Gianni Infantino (elected 2016, re-elected 2023). FIFA organises the men's and women's World Cups, youth world cups, and the FIFA Club World Cup.

69

The International Olympic Committee (IOC) is headquartered in which Swiss city?

A Zurich

B Geneva

C Bern

D Lausanne

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: The IOC has been headquartered at the Olympic House in Lausanne, Switzerland, since 1915. Lausanne is also called the Olympic Capital, hosting numerous sports federations. The 2028 Olympics will be held in Los Angeles and the 2032 Olympics in Brisbane, Australia. Switzerland hosts both the IOC and FIFA headquarters.

70

The Kargil War is described as one of the highest-altitude conflicts in history. The battles occurred at altitudes above how many metres in some areas?

A 5,000 metres

B 2,000 metres

C 3,000 metres

D 7,000 metres

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Some positions in the Kargil War were contested at altitudes above 5,000 metres (about 16,400 feet). The Indian Army faced extreme challenges of thin air, cold temperatures, and treacherous terrain in recapturing these positions. The battles on Tololing, Tiger Hill, and Point 4875 involved extreme physical endurance.

71

The International Chess Federation (FIDE) is headquartered in which Swiss city?

A Geneva

B Lausanne

C Zurich

D Bern

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: FIDE (Fédération Internationale des Échecs) was founded in Paris in 1924 and is headquartered in Lausanne, Switzerland. It has over 200 member federations and administers the global chess rating system (Elo ratings). FIDE is recognised by the IOC as the governing body of chess. The Candidates Tournament determines the World Championship challenger.

72

The original FIFA World Cup trophy, the Jules Rimet Trophy, was won outright by which country after their third title?

A Argentina

B Germany

C Brazil (won in 1970 after third title)

D Italy

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Brazil won the Jules Rimet Trophy outright in 1970 after winning their third World Cup (1958, 1962, 1970). The trophy was later stolen and never recovered. The current FIFA World Cup Trophy made of 18-carat gold was introduced in 1974. Brazil holds the record for most World Cup wins with five titles.

73

India's first-ever individual Olympic gold medal was won at the 2008 Beijing Olympics by which athlete in which event?

A Rajyavardhan Singh Rathore in double trap shooting

B Sushil Kumar in wrestling

C Leander Paes in tennis

D Abhinav Bindra in 10m air rifle shooting

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Abhinav Bindra won India's first individual Olympic gold at Beijing 2008 in the men's 10m air rifle event. He set a world record score in qualification. Rajyavardhan Rathore had won silver in double trap at Athens 2004 (India's first individual Olympic silver). India now has multiple individual Olympic gold medallists including Neeraj Chopra (javelin, Tokyo 2020).

74

The Commonwealth Games were originally called the British Empire Games and were first held in which year and city?

A 1930 in Hamilton, Canada

B 1900 in Paris, France

C 1920 in Antwerp, Belgium

D 1948 in London, UK

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: The first British Empire Games were held in Hamilton, Ontario, Canada in 1930 with 11 nations participating. They were subsequently called British Empire and Commonwealth Games (1954), British Commonwealth Games (1966), and finally Commonwealth Games from 1978. India's first CWG gold was won by Milkha Singh in the 440 yards at Cardiff 1958.

75

MetLife Stadium in New Jersey, the venue of the 2026 FIFA World Cup final, is the home ground of which two NFL teams?

A New England Patriots and Buffalo Bills

B New York Giants and New York Jets

C Philadelphia Eagles and Pittsburgh Steelers

D Dallas Cowboys and Washington Commanders

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: MetLife Stadium in East Rutherford, New Jersey opened in 2010 at a cost of USD 1.6 billion. It is a shared stadium for the NY Giants and NY Jets of the National Football League. The stadium hosted Super Bowl XLVIII in 2014 and the Copa America Centenario final in 2016, and can seat 82,500 spectators.

76

Spain also won the UEFA Euro 2024 championship in Germany. Spain defeated which country in the Euro 2024 final?

A France

B Germany

C England

D Netherlands

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Spain won the UEFA Euro 2024 final hosted by Germany, defeating England 2-1 in Berlin on July 14, 2024. Mikel Oyarzabal scored the winner in the 86th minute after England had equalised. Spain became the first country to win four European Championships. This Euro 2024 victory preceded their 2026 World Cup triumph.

77

Mirabai Chanu's silver medal at the Tokyo 2020 Olympics was India's first Olympic weightlifting medal in how many years?

A

8 years (since London 2012)

B

16 years (since Athens 2004)

C

India had never won an Olympic weightlifting medal before Tokyo

D

21 years (since Sydney 2000)

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Mirabai Chanu's silver at Tokyo 2020 was India's first Olympic weightlifting medal in 21 years. The previous was Karnam Malleswari's bronze at Sydney 2000 in the 69kg category (Malleswari was the first Indian woman to win an Olympic medal). Chanu competes in the 49kg category.

78

The FIDE World Chess Championship is contested between the reigning World Champion and the winner of the Candidates Tournament. India's D. Gukesh won the 2024 championship at what age?

A

18 years old (youngest World Champion ever)

B

21 years old

C

16 years old

D

23 years old

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: D. Gukesh (born May 29, 2006) was 18 years old when he defeated Ding Liren of China in December 2024 in Singapore. He became the youngest World Chess Champion in history. Gukesh became a Grandmaster at age 12, India's youngest at the time. He is India's second World Chess Champion after Viswanathan Anand.

79

Indian boxer Mary Kom is a legend in women's boxing. How many times has she won the Women's World Amateur Boxing Championship?

A Three times

B Six times

C Eight times

D Four times

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: Mary Kom (full name Mangte Chungneijang Mary Kom) has won the World Amateur Boxing Championship six times (2002, 2005, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2018), winning in multiple weight categories. She is the only woman boxer to win six World Amateur Championship medals. She also won bronze at the London 2012 Olympics.

80

The FIFA World Cup record for most goals at a single tournament before Mbappe's 2026 record was held by which player with how many goals?

A Ronaldo (Brazil) with 15 goals

B Gerd Mueller (West Germany) with 14 goals

C Miroslav Klose (Germany) with 16 goals across four tournaments

D Pelé (Brazil) with 12 goals

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Germany's Miroslav Klose scored 16 goals across four World Cups (2002, 2006, 2010, 2014), holding the all-time World Cup goals record before Kylian Mbappe broke it at the 2026 tournament. Klose is the only player to win the Golden Boot at one World Cup (2006) and score the most goals in the tournament's history.



Questions 81 – 100

81

The Kargil War victory is attributed to which Chief of Army Staff who oversaw Operation Vijay?

A Sam Manekshaw

B K.M. Cariappa

C Bipin Rawat

D General V.P. Malik

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: General VP Malik was COAS during the Kargil War and is credited with the famous quote 'We will fight with what we have.' He received the Param Vishisht Seva Medal for his leadership. Field Marshal Sam Manekshaw led India in the 1971 war. General K.M. Cariappa was India's first Commander-in-Chief. General Bipin Rawat was India's first Chief of Defence Staff (CDS).

82

Which Indian athlete won a historic bronze in the decathlon at CWG 2026? The decathlon consists of how many events?

A Tejaswin Shankar; decathlon has 10 events over two days

B Gulveer Singh; decathlon has 8 events over one day

C Sarvesh Kushare; decathlon has 10 events over one day

D Neeraj Chopra; decathlon has 7 events over two days

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Tejaswin Shankar won the decathlon bronze at Glasgow 2026. The decathlon consists of 10 events: Day 1 - 100m, long jump, shot put, high jump, 400m; Day 2 - 110m hurdles, discus throw, pole vault, javelin throw, 1500m. Points are awarded in each event per scoring tables. The overall leader is often called the World's Greatest Athlete.

83

Lovlina Borgohain comes from which state? She was also the baton-bearer at the 2026 CWG opening ceremony.

A Manipur

B Assam

C Nagaland

D Mizoram

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: Lovlina Borgohain was born on October 2, 1997 in Barpathar, Golaghat district, Assam. She comes from a family of traditional sport players. Borgohain is an Olympic bronze medallist (Tokyo 2020, women's 69kg boxing). At Glasgow 2026, she competed in the 75kg category and won silver. She is one of India's most celebrated sportswomen.

84

Spain's dominance in world football in the 2020s can be traced to their football development philosophy rooted in which club's approach?

A Real Madrid's Cantera academy

B Atletico Madrid's defensive structure

C FC Barcelona's La Masia academy and tiki-taka philosophy

D Sevilla FC's scouting system

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Spain's golden generation, beginning with Euro 2008, 2010 World Cup, and Euro 2012, drew heavily from Barcelona's La Masia academy (Xavi, Iniesta, Busquets). The 2026 World Cup winning squad included new La Masia products Lamine Yamal, Gavi, and Fermin Lopez. Rodri represents Atletico Madrid's tradition of combative midfielders.

85

The 2026 Commonwealth Games in Glasgow was a smaller edition than Birmingham 2022. Victoria (Australia) had originally been awarded the 2026 Games. Why did Victoria withdraw?

A Lack of infrastructure

B Political disputes with CGF

C COVID-19 aftermath concerns

D Cost concerns and budgetary pressures

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: The Australian state of Victoria controversially withdrew as the 2026 CWG host in July 2023, citing ballooning costs (estimated at AUD 7 billion versus AUD 2.6 billion originally projected). This created a crisis for the Commonwealth Games Federation (CGF). Glasgow ultimately stepped in to save the Games, agreeing to host a smaller, lower-cost edition.

86

India's boxing contingent at CWG 2026 won 7 gold medals, an unprecedented achievement at any single CWG edition. Who is the current Chairman of the Boxing Federation of India?

A Mary Kom

B Ajay Singh

C Anand Bose

D Manish Kaushik

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Ajay Singh (Chairman of SpiceJet) serves as the President/Chairman of the Boxing Federation of India (BFI). Under his leadership, Indian boxing has undergone significant improvement in infrastructure, coaching, and international exposure. The 7-gold performance at CWG 2026 was a culmination of years of investment in the sport.

87

The Kargil war's Tiger Hill was one of the most significant battles. Tiger Hill is located in which sector of Ladakh?

A

Drass sector (Kargil district)

B

Batalik sector

C

Mushkoh sector

D

Turtuk sector

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Tiger Hill (Point 5140) in the Drass sector was one of the most strategically important peaks captured by Pakistani forces and recaptured by India during Operation Vijay. The battle for Tiger Hill was fierce and lasted from early June to July 4, 1999. Grenadier Yogendra Singh Yadav won the Param Vir Chakra for his gallantry during the Tiger Hill assault.

88

Which India-born cricket player was the first to score 100 international centuries across all formats combined?

A

Virat Kohli

B

Rohit Sharma

C

Sachin Tendulkar

D

Brian Lara

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Sachin Tendulkar became the first cricketer in history to score 100 international centuries, achieving the milestone in March 2012 against Bangladesh. He scored 51 Test centuries and 49 ODI centuries across his 24-year career. Tendulkar holds the record for most runs in both Test (15,921) and ODI (18,426) cricket.

89

Neeraj Chopra won a historic Olympic gold medal in men's javelin throw at the Tokyo 2020 Olympics. What was his winning throw?

A 90.18 metres

B 85.43 metres

C 89.01 metres

D 87.58 metres

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: Neeraj Chopra threw 87.58m to win gold at Tokyo 2020, India's first-ever Olympic gold in athletics. At Paris 2024, he won silver (89.45m) behind Arshad Nadeem's Olympic record of 92.97m. At Glasgow 2026 CWG, Chopra threw 85.83m to win silver again with Nadeem winning gold.

90

Arshad Nadeem of Pakistan set the Olympic record in men's javelin throw at the Paris 2024 Olympics with which distance?

A 90.57 metres

B 92.97 metres

C 88.92 metres

D 94.12 metres

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: Arshad Nadeem won gold at Paris 2024 with an Olympic record throw of 92.97m. This broke the previous Olympic record of 90.57m set by Andreas Thorkildsen (Norway) at Athens 2004. Nadeem's throw was just short of the world record of 98.48m (Jan Zelezny, 1996). Neeraj Chopra won silver at Paris with 89.45m.

91

India hosted the Commonwealth Games for the first time in which year, in New Delhi?

A 2010

B 2002

C 1982

D 2006

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: India hosted the Commonwealth Games in 2010 in New Delhi, the 19th edition of the event. India won 101 medals including 38 golds, finishing second in the medal table behind Australia. The 2010 Delhi CWG was also notable for controversies related to organisation and infrastructure preparation that drew international scrutiny before the Games.

92

At the 2022 Birmingham Commonwealth Games, how many medals did India win in total, making it one of India's best CWG performances?

A 45 medals

B 80 medals

C 61 medals (22 gold, 16 silver, 23 bronze)

D 30 medals

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: India won 61 medals at Birmingham 2022 CWG, finishing fourth in the overall medal tally. The performance included 22 gold, 16 silver, and 23 bronze medals across multiple sports. At Glasgow 2026 (pared-down edition), 30 of those 61 Birmingham medals were in sports not featured in the Glasgow programme.

93

The Commonwealth Games Federation (CGF) is headquartered in which city?

A

Glasgow, Scotland

B

Sydney, Australia

C

New Delhi, India

D

London, UK

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: The Commonwealth Games Federation (CGF), which governs the Commonwealth Games, is headquartered in London, UK. The CGF manages the Games charter, selects host cities, and ensures the Games principles of humanity, equality, and destiny are upheld. The CGF President oversees the federation across 56 Commonwealth nations.

94

Spain won UEFA Euro 2024, which was their fourth European Championship title. In which years did Spain previously win the UEFA European Championship?

A

1968, 1980, 2004, 2008

B

1964, 1984, 2008, 2012

C

1964, 1972, 2008, 2012

D

1976, 1984, 2008, 2016

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: Spain has won the UEFA European Championship four times: 1964 (as hosts in Spain), 1984 (France), 2008 (Austria/Switzerland), and 2012 (Poland/Ukraine). Their 2008-2012 three-tournament dominance (Euro 2008, WC 2010, Euro 2012) was unprecedented in international football. Euro 2024 was their fourth title.

95

Lovlina Borgohain won a bronze medal at the Tokyo 2020 Olympics. In which weight category?

A

Women's 69kg (welterweight)

B

Women's 60kg

C

Women's 75kg

D

Women's 51kg

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Lovlina Borgohain won bronze in women's 69kg welterweight boxing at Tokyo 2020, becoming India's third female Olympic boxing medallist after MC Mary Kom (bronze, London 2012) and Nikhat Zareen's performances. At Glasgow 2026, she competed in the 75kg category. She remains one of India's biggest boxing stars.

96

Which country has won the FIFA World Cup the most times in history (before the 2026 edition)?

A

Germany (4 times)

B

Italy (4 times)

C

Brazil (5 times - 1958, 1962, 1970, 1994, 2002)

D

Argentina (3 times)

✓ Ans: C

Explanation: Brazil has won the most World Cups with 5 titles: 1958 (Sweden), 1962 (Chile), 1970 (Mexico), 1994 (USA), and 2002 (Japan/South Korea). Brazil also won the Jules Rimet Trophy outright in 1970 after their third title. After Spain's 2026 victory, the all-time records are: Brazil 5, Germany 4, Italy 4, Argentina 3, Spain 2.

97

At the 2026 CWG in Glasgow, India's 122 athletes competed in 8 able-bodied sports. Which of the following was NOT one of the 8 sports at Glasgow 2026?

A Athletics

B Boxing

C Weightlifting

D Badminton (not included in Glasgow 2026)

✓ Ans: D

Explanation: The 8 able-bodied sports at Glasgow 2026 were: athletics, artistic gymnastics, bowls, boxing, judo, swimming, track cycling, and weightlifting. Notably absent were badminton, shooting, wrestling, table tennis, squash, and cricket (which had featured at previous CWGs). This significantly reduced India's medal opportunities compared to Birmingham 2022.

98

Mirabai Chanu, who won CWG 2026 gold, received which civilian award from the Government of India for her achievements?

A Bharat Ratna

B Padma Shri (received 2018)

C Padma Vibhushan

D Padma Bhushan

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: Mirabai Chanu received the Padma Shri in 2018 recognising her achievements in weightlifting. She also received the Khel Ratna Award (Major Dhyan Chand Khel Ratna) in 2021 after her Olympic silver. She is from Imphal East district, Manipur, and started weightlifting at age 12 inspired by Kunjarani Devi.

99

The Kargil Vijay Diwas commemoration on 26 July 2026 at Kargil War Memorial was held at Dras in Ladakh. The Kargil War Memorial is located near which peak?

A Tololing Peak, Drass sector

B Tiger Hill, Drass sector

C Point 5140, Kaksar sector

D Point 4875, Batalik sector

✓ Ans: A

Explanation: The Kargil War Memorial at Dras is located near Tololing Peak, the first major peak to be recaptured by India during Operation Vijay in June 1999. The memorial honours the 527 Indian soldiers who died in the war. The names of all martyrs are inscribed on the wall. The PM and Defence Minister visit annually on Kargil Vijay Diwas.

100

India's Gulveer Singh who won two CWG 2026 medals in long-distance running, runs which events as his specialties?

A Marathon and half marathon

B 3,000m steeplechase and 5,000m

C 5,000m and 10,000m track events

D 1,500m and 5,000m

✓ Ans: B

Explanation: Gulveer Singh specialises in 5,000m and 10,000m events. At Glasgow 2026 CWG, he won silver in the 10,000m and bronze in the 5,000m. He has consistently broken national records in both distances and represents the new generation of India's improving long-distance running. He trains at the Reliance Foundation Odisha Athletics HPC in Bhubaneswar.



Answer Key

Current Affairs MCQs — July 2026 · 100 Questions

Q.	ANS	CORRECT ANSWER	Q.	ANS	CORRECT ANSWER
1	C	B	51	C	C
2	A	A	52	A	A
3	D	D	53	A	B
4	B	C	54	D	D
5	A	A	55	C	C
6	D	D	56	A	A
7	B	B	57	B	B
8	B	C	58	C	D
9	D	D	59	B	C
10	A	A	60	B	B
11	C	C	61	B	D
12	B	B	62	A	A
13	A	A	63	A	C
14	A	D	64	B	B
15	B	B	65	A	D
16	C	C	66	A	A
17	A	A	67	C	C
18	D	D	68	B	B
19	A	B	69	D	D
20	C	C	70	A	A

21	A	D	71	D	B
22	A	A	72	C	C
23	D	B	73	A	D
24	C	C	74	A	A
25	A	D	75	A	B
26	A	A	76	A	C
27	D	C	77	A	D
28	A	B	78	A	A
29	A	D	79	B	B
30	A	A	80	C	C
31	B	B	81	D	D
32	C	C	82	A	A
33	D	D	83	B	B
34	A	A	84	A	C
35	A	C	85	B	D
36	B	B	86	C	B
37	D	D	87	A	A
38	A	A	88	C	C
39	B	B	89	D	D
40	C	C	90	B	B
41	A	A	91	A	A
42	A	D	92	C	C
43	A	C	93	A	D

44	B	B	94	B	B
45	A	A	95	A	A
46	C	D	96	C	C
47	C	C	97	D	D
48	A	B	98	A	B
49	C	A	99	A	A
50	D	D	100	B	C



Current Affairs MCQs

Premium Study Material for Competitive Examinations

© 2026 | For personal study use only