

100 Punjab GK Questions for Competitive Exams

History of Punjab

1. **Who founded the Sikh religion?** A) Guru Angad Dev B) Guru Nanak Dev C) Guru Amar Das D) Guru Ram Das **Correct Answer: B) Guru Nanak Dev**
2. **In which year was the Golden Temple (Harmandir Sahib) completed?** A) 1601 B) 1604 C) 1588 D) 1611 **Correct Answer: B) 1604**
3. **Who was the founder of the Khalsa?** A) Guru Nanak Dev B) Guru Gobind Singh C) Guru Tegh Bahadur D) Guru Har Gobind **Correct Answer: B) Guru Gobind Singh**
4. **The Battle of Plassey had significant impact on Punjab. In which year did it take place?** A) 1757 B) 1761 C) 1764 D) 1767 **Correct Answer: A) 1757**
5. **Who was the first Sikh ruler of Punjab?** A) Banda Singh Bahadur B) Maharaja Ranjit Singh C) Jassa Singh Ahluwalia D) Kapur Singh **Correct Answer: A) Banda Singh Bahadur**
6. **The Sikh Empire was established by Maharaja Ranjit Singh in:** A) 1799 B) 1801 C) 1805 D) 1809 **Correct Answer: A) 1799**
7. **The Jallianwala Bagh massacre took place in which Punjab city?** A) Lahore B) Amritsar C) Ludhiana D) Jalandhar **Correct Answer: B) Amritsar**
8. **Which Guru was executed by Aurangzeb?** A) Guru Arjan Dev B) Guru Tegh Bahadur C) Guru Har Gobind D) Guru Har Krishan **Correct Answer: B) Guru Tegh Bahadur**
9. **The Anglo-Sikh Wars were fought between:** A) 1845-1849 B) 1848-1852 C) 1842-1846 D) 1850-1854 **Correct Answer: A) 1845-1849**
10. **Who was the last Maharaja of Punjab?** A) Maharaja Ranjit Singh B) Maharaja Kharak Singh C) Maharaja Duleep Singh D) Maharaja Sher Singh **Correct Answer: C) Maharaja Duleep Singh**

Geography of Punjab

11. **What is the total area of Punjab?** A) 50,362 sq km B) 52,542 sq km C) 48,926 sq km D) 51,874 sq km **Correct Answer: A) 50,362 sq km**
12. **Which river forms the eastern boundary of Punjab?** A) Sutlej B) Beas C) Yamuna D) Ravi **Correct Answer: C) Yamuna**
13. **How many districts are there in Punjab?** A) 20 B) 22 C) 23 D) 24 **Correct Answer: C) 23**
14. **Which is the largest district of Punjab by area?** A) Ludhiana B) Ferozepur C) Bathinda D) Fazilka **Correct Answer: B) Ferozepur**
15. **The Shivalik Hills are located in which part of Punjab?** A) Northern B) Southern C) Eastern D) Western **Correct Answer: A) Northern**
16. **Which is the highest point in Punjab?** A) Naina Devi B) Morni Hills C) Mukerian Hills D) Shivalik Range **Correct Answer: A) Naina Devi**

17. **The Indira Gandhi Canal (Rajasthan Canal) originates from which river in Punjab?** A) Beas B) Ravi C) Sutlej D) Chenab **Correct Answer: C) Sutlej**
18. **Which city is known as the 'Manchester of Punjab'?** A) Amritsar B) Ludhiana C) Jalandhar D) Patiala **Correct Answer: B) Ludhiana**
19. **The Sutlej-Yamuna Link Canal passes through which district?** A) Patiala B) Sangrur C) Fatehgarh Sahib D) All of the above **Correct Answer: D) All of the above**
20. **Which is the smallest district of Punjab by area?** A) Pathankot B) Mohali C) Fatehgarh Sahib D) Mansa **Correct Answer: C) Fatehgarh Sahib**

Government and Administration

21. **Punjab was reorganized as a separate state in:** A) 1956 B) 1960 C) 1966 D) 1971 **Correct Answer: C) 1966**
22. **What is the total number of seats in Punjab Legislative Assembly?** A) 115 B) 117 C) 120 D) 125 **Correct Answer: B) 117**
23. **How many Lok Sabha seats does Punjab have?** A) 11 B) 12 C) 13 D) 14 **Correct Answer: C) 13**
24. **The High Court of Punjab and Haryana is located in:** A) Chandigarh B) Shimla C) Patiala D) Ludhiana **Correct Answer: A) Chandigarh**
25. **What is the state animal of Punjab?** A) Lion B) Blackbuck C) Tiger D) Elephant **Correct Answer: B) Blackbuck**
26. **What is the state bird of Punjab?** A) Peacock B) Sparrow C) Baaz (Northern Goshawk) D) Dove **Correct Answer: C) Baaz (Northern Goshawk)**
27. **The state flower of Punjab is:** A) Rose B) Lotus C) Gladiolus D) Marigold **Correct Answer: C) Gladiolus**
28. **Punjab shares its border with how many Indian states?** A) 2 B) 3 C) 4 D) 5 **Correct Answer: B) 3**
29. **Which is the winter capital of Punjab?** A) Chandigarh B) Patiala C) Ludhiana D) There is no winter capital **Correct Answer: D) There is no winter capital**
30. **The Punjab and Haryana High Court was established in:** A) 1966 B) 1970 C) 1975 D) 1980 **Correct Answer: A) 1966**

Economy and Agriculture

31. **Punjab is known as the _____ of India.** A) Granary B) Breadbasket C) Food Bowl D) All of the above **Correct Answer: D) All of the above**
32. **What percentage of India's wheat production comes from Punjab?** A) 15-20% B) 20-25% C) 25-30% D) 30-35% **Correct Answer: B) 20-25%**
33. **The Green Revolution in Punjab began in:** A) 1960s B) 1970s C) 1980s D) 1950s **Correct Answer: A) 1960s**

34. Which crop is known as the 'Golden Fiber' in Punjab? A) Wheat B) Cotton C) Sugarcane D) Maize
Correct Answer: B) Cotton
35. The main Rabi crop of Punjab is: A) Rice B) Wheat C) Cotton D) Sugarcane **Correct Answer: B) Wheat**
36. The main Kharif crop of Punjab is: A) Wheat B) Rice C) Barley D) Mustard **Correct Answer: B) Rice**
37. Which district of Punjab is known for its sports goods industry? A) Ludhiana B) Amritsar C) Jalandhar D) Patiala **Correct Answer: C) Jalandhar**
38. The per capita income of Punjab is: A) Below national average B) Equal to national average C) Above national average D) Cannot be determined **Correct Answer: C) Above national average**
39. Which industrial city of Punjab is known for hosiery? A) Amritsar B) Ludhiana C) Jalandhar D) Bathinda **Correct Answer: B) Ludhiana**
40. The Punjab Agricultural University is located in: A) Amritsar B) Ludhiana C) Patiala D) Chandigarh
Correct Answer: B) Ludhiana

Culture and Traditions

41. The traditional dance of Punjab is: A) Bharatanatyam B) Kathak C) Bhangra D) Odissi **Correct Answer: C) Bhangra**
42. The festival of Baisakhi is celebrated to mark: A) Harvest season B) Formation of Khalsa C) New Year D) All of the above **Correct Answer: D) All of the above**
43. The traditional musical instrument of Punjab is: A) Tabla B) Sitar C) Dhol D) Harmonium **Correct Answer: C) Dhol**
44. The traditional dress of Punjabi women is: A) Saree B) Salwar Kameez C) Lehenga D) Ghagra **Correct Answer: B) Salwar Kameez**
45. Which language is predominantly spoken in Punjab? A) Hindi B) Urdu C) Punjabi D) English
Correct Answer: C) Punjabi
46. The script used for Punjabi language is: A) Devanagari B) Gurmukhi C) Roman D) Arabic **Correct Answer: B) Gurmukhi**
47. The traditional Punjabi turban is called: A) Pagri B) Dastar C) Pag D) All of the above **Correct Answer: D) All of the above**
48. The festival of Karva Chauth is primarily celebrated by: A) Married women B) Unmarried girls C) Men D) Children **Correct Answer: A) Married women**
49. The traditional Punjabi wedding ceremony is called: A) Vivah B) Anand Karaj C) Shaadi D) Lagan
Correct Answer: B) Anand Karaj
50. The traditional Punjabi food is known for its: A) Spiciness B) Use of ghee and butter C) Rich flavors D) All of the above **Correct Answer: D) All of the above**

Religious Places and Tourism

51. **The Golden Temple is located in:** A) Patiala B) Ludhiana C) Amritsar D) Jalandhar **Correct Answer: C) Amritsar**
52. **The Anandpur Sahib is famous for:** A) Hola Mohalla festival B) Birthplace of Khalsa C) Sikh pilgrimage D) All of the above **Correct Answer: D) All of the above**
53. **The Takht Sri Damdama Sahib is located in:** A) Talwandi Sabo B) Anandpur Sahib C) Muktsar D) Fatehgarh Sahib **Correct Answer: A) Talwandi Sabo**
54. **How many Takhts (Sikh religious centers) are there in Punjab?** A) 2 B) 3 C) 4 D) 5 **Correct Answer: B) 3**
55. **The Durgiana Temple in Amritsar is dedicated to:** A) Goddess Durga B) Lord Shiva C) Lord Vishnu D) Lord Rama **Correct Answer: A) Goddess Durga**
56. **The Wagah Border ceremony takes place between India and:** A) China B) Pakistan C) Bangladesh D) Nepal **Correct Answer: B) Pakistan**
57. **The Qila Mubarak is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Ludhiana D) Bathinda **Correct Answer: B) Patiala**
58. **The Ranjit Singh Museum is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Ludhiana D) Chandigarh **Correct Answer: A) Amritsar**
59. **The Sheesh Mahal is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Ludhiana D) Jalandhar **Correct Answer: B) Patiala**
60. **The Gurudwara Sis Ganj Sahib is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Anandpur Sahib C) Fatehgarh Sahib D) Delhi **Correct Answer: C) Fatehgarh Sahib**

Sports and Personalities

61. **Which sport is Punjab most famous for?** A) Cricket B) Hockey C) Football D) Kabaddi **Correct Answer: B) Hockey**
62. **The legendary hockey player Dhyan Chand was born in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Allahabad D) Jalandhar **Correct Answer: C) Allahabad**
63. **Milkha Singh, the famous athlete, was known as:** A) Flying Sikh B) Running Machine C) Speed King D) Track Tiger **Correct Answer: A) Flying Sikh**
64. **The National Institute of Sports is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Ludhiana D) Chandigarh **Correct Answer: B) Patiala**
65. **Which Punjabi cricketer was the former captain of the Indian cricket team?** A) Harbhajan Singh B) Yuvraj Singh C) Kapil Dev D) Navjot Singh Sidhu **Correct Answer: C) Kapil Dev**
66. **The wrestler Sushil Kumar hails from which state?** A) Haryana B) Punjab C) Delhi D) Uttar Pradesh **Correct Answer: A) Haryana**
67. **The Netaji Subhas National Institute of Sports is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Ludhiana D) Mohali **Correct Answer: B) Patiala**

68. **Which Punjabi boxer won an Olympic medal?** A) Vijender Singh B) Shiva Thapa C) Manoj Kumar D) Akhil Kumar **Correct Answer: A) Vijender Singh**
69. **The PCA Stadium is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Ludhiana C) Mohali D) Patiala **Correct Answer: C) Mohali**
70. **Which Punjabi athlete won a gold medal in the 2020 Olympics?** A) Neeraj Chopra B) Bajrang Punia C) Ravi Dahiya D) Lovlina Borgohain **Correct Answer: A) Neeraj Chopra**

Literature and Arts

71. **Who is considered the father of Punjabi literature?** A) Baba Farid B) Guru Nanak C) Waris Shah D) Bulleh Shah **Correct Answer: A) Baba Farid**
72. **The famous Punjabi poet Waris Shah wrote:** A) Heer Ranjha B) Sassi Punnu C) Mirza Sahiban D) Sohni Mahiwal **Correct Answer: A) Heer Ranjha**
73. **Which Punjabi writer won the Sahitya Akademi Award?** A) Amrita Pritam B) Gurdial Singh C) Jaswant Singh Kanwal D) All of the above **Correct Answer: D) All of the above**
74. **The famous Punjabi poetess Amrita Pritam wrote:** A) Ajj Aakhaan Waris Shah Nu B) Sunehe C) Pinjar D) All of the above **Correct Answer: D) All of the above**
75. **The Punjabi film industry is known as:** A) Bollywood B) Tollywood C) Pollywood D) Mollywood **Correct Answer: C) Pollywood**
76. **Who is known as the 'Nightingale of Punjab'?** A) Surinder Kaur B) Prakash Kaur C) Amrita Pritam D) Rajkumari Aggarwal **Correct Answer: A) Surinder Kaur**
77. **The famous Punjabi singer Gurdas Maan is known for:** A) Classical music B) Folk music C) Sufi music D) All types of music **Correct Answer: B) Folk music**
78. **The Punjabi word 'Qawwali' refers to:** A) A type of dance B) A musical form C) A festival D) A food item **Correct Answer: B) A musical form**
79. **The famous Punjabi novel 'Parsa' was written by:** A) Gurdial Singh B) Jaswant Singh Kanwal C) Kartar Singh Duggal D) Sant Singh Sekhon **Correct Answer: A) Gurdial Singh**
80. **The Punjabi Academy is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Ludhiana C) Delhi D) Patiala **Correct Answer: C) Delhi**

Education and Institutions

81. **The Punjabi University is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Ludhiana D) Chandigarh **Correct Answer: B) Patiala**
82. **The Guru Nanak Dev University is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Ludhiana D) Jalandhar **Correct Answer: A) Amritsar**
83. **The first medical college in Punjab was established in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Ludhiana D) Chandigarh **Correct Answer: A) Amritsar**

84. **The National Institute of Technology (NIT) in Punjab is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Ludhiana D) Jalandhar **Correct Answer: D) Jalandhar**
85. **The Indian Institute of Technology (IIT) in Punjab is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Rupnagar D) Ludhiana **Correct Answer: C) Rupnagar**
86. **The Thapar Institute of Engineering and Technology is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Ludhiana D) Mohali **Correct Answer: B) Patiala**
87. **The first university established in Punjab was:** A) Punjabi University B) Guru Nanak Dev University C) Punjab University D) Panjab University **Correct Answer: D) Panjab University**
88. **The All India Institute of Medical Sciences (AIIMS) in Punjab is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Bathinda D) Ludhiana **Correct Answer: C) Bathinda**
89. **The Central University of Punjab is located in:** A) Amritsar B) Patiala C) Bathinda D) Ludhiana **Correct Answer: C) Bathinda**
90. **The literacy rate of Punjab according to 2011 census is:** A) 76.68% B) 78.23% C) 79.15% D) 80.44% **Correct Answer: A) 76.68%**

Current Affairs and Miscellaneous

91. **The current Chief Minister of Punjab is:** A) Amarinder Singh B) Bhagwant Mann C) Charanjit Singh Channi D) Parkash Singh Badal **Correct Answer: B) Bhagwant Mann**
92. **The current Governor of Punjab is:** A) V.P. Singh Badnore B) Banwarilal Purohit C) Gulab Chand Kataria D) Tamilisai Soundararajan **Correct Answer: B) Banwarilal Purohit**
93. **The operation to flush out militants from Golden Temple was called:** A) Operation Black Thunder B) Operation Blue Star C) Operation Woodrose D) Operation Rakshak **Correct Answer: B) Operation Blue Star**
94. **The Punjab Police was awarded the President's Colour in:** A) 1979 B) 1982 C) 1985 D) 1989 **Correct Answer: A) 1979**
95. **The famous Punjabi dish 'Makki di Roti' is eaten with:** A) Dal B) Sarson da Saag C) Curd D) Pickle **Correct Answer: B) Sarson da Saag**
96. **The traditional Punjabi drink 'Lassi' is made from:** A) Milk B) Yogurt C) Buttermilk D) Water **Correct Answer: B) Yogurt**
97. **The famous Punjabi sweet 'Pinni' is made during:** A) Diwali B) Holi C) Winter season D) All occasions **Correct Answer: C) Winter season**
98. **The Punjabi word 'Sat Sri Akal' means:** A) Hello B) Goodbye C) Truth is eternal D) Good morning **Correct Answer: C) Truth is eternal**
99. **The famous Punjabi proverb 'Jithe dekho tithe Sardar' means:** A) Sikhs are everywhere B) Sikhs are brave C) Sikhs are hardworking D) Sikhs are helpful **Correct Answer: A) Sikhs are everywhere**
100. **The state motto of Punjab is:** A) Satyameva Jayate B) Deg Tegh Fateh C) Sarva Dharma Sambhava D) Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam **Correct Answer: B) Deg Tegh Fateh**



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